GROWING AS A TEACHER

An effective teacher

One of the first days, Francisco asked as to write down individually the characteristics of the best teacher ever. Then, in groups, we share our ideas for a few minutes and select the most important ones, which we wrote down on sticky notes that later displayed on the board.

- Most of them were related to emotions, empathy, ability to engage and inspire.
- We talked about achieving authority from respect.
- The need of having good communication skills.
- Being well organized; being a good manager and leader.
- Be positive and having good sense of humour.
- Flexibility and creativity.
- Being passionate about the subject and their job.
- Being patient and getting good rapport with the students.
- Being fair and able to admit it when making a mistake: be human.
- Being available and reliable and don't give up on the students.

Being a good teacher is not a piece of cake! A committed teacher, just trying to achieve all



those things might become a wiser person...

We spoke with the heart at the thought of our best teacher ever, searching in our memories. Later, the teacher told us about **The European framework for CLIL Teacher Education**, which defines the indicators to become a good bilingual teacher. Along the course we frequently

were told about consistency and how to become an **effective teacher**, following certain routines and methodology very useful indeed, but I feel that what a child will always remember are those things that really touched him/her. Teachers are not perfect, but if they care about their students, they will be able to make a little difference in their lives.

Kathy Reina, a teacher at Chichester University, was the perfect example of a warm, enthusiastic and engaging teacher and we all enjoy her classes and learnt a lot. Here is her last present for us all.

KATHY'S TEACHING TIPS:

"IT IS THE SUPREME ART OF THE TEACHER TO AWAKEN JOY IN CREATIVE EXPRESSION AND KNOWLEDGE"

- 1) Make the first few moments of your first lesson count. Get the children interested in the topic, be creative, use personalisation, involve them in guessing etc. SMILE!
- 2) Allow yourself to make mistakes. Children are forgiving and there is always tomorrow! It is us who expect ourselves to be perfect, not children.
- 3) Be joyful! (even if you don't feel joyful!) If you look like you are enjoying yourself and you are enthusiastic they will enjoy your lessons.
- 4) Do not start speaking to the children until you have got eye contact and they are all listening. Be consistent with this. Don't be afraid of silence.
- 5) Plan your instructions for activities meticulously and don't forget to plan how to check understanding.
- 6) Plan where the chairs and desks are going to go before the lesson. When the children walk in there should be a calm atmosphere.
- 7) Sweep the room with your eyes as you teach. Include everyone with your eyes and watch against your eyes falling on the 'dominant' child.
- 8) Use your voice to manage a class. Drop your voice to get a child's attention. Try not to shout.
- 9) Remember that behind every 'challenging' child there is almost certainly a challenging problem that they are facing. Do not take it personally if they try to push the boundaries.

BE YOURSELF! THIS IS THE GIFT YOU CAN GIVE YOUR CLASS.

REMEMBER WE ARE NOT HEART SURGEONS! IF WE MAKE A MISTAKE NO ONE IS GOING TO DIE, BUT IF WE GET IT RIGHT A CHILD MAY GO ON TO LIVE A FULLER, HAPPIER LIFE.

SO RELAX....ENJOY....SMILE!

Some more great tips for teachers

- From the beginning **foster a good rapport** with your student; both content and knowledge will come easier.
- Take care of **non verbal communication**.
- Talk less, let students do more. Learning by construction rather than learning by instruction. If the teacher lectures the students, they will probably switch off after 10 minutes. Be a facilitator instead lecturing them.
- **Invite pupils to become involved,** to be co-designer of activities smiling, questioning and nodding.
- **Be open to students'** ideas and appreciate them.
- Check the feelings of students about specific tasks.
- Develop habits and dispositions.
- Praise bodily and verbally and be specific while doing it.
- Make good use of questioning.
- Give **thinking time** for reflection. Encourage **reflection** and meta-cognition.
- Leave silence time between contents. Allow time to digest. It the pace is too fast, it could be difficult to grasp things!
- Encourage creativity.
- Try the Pygmalion effect higher expectations lead to an increase in performance.
- Challenge your students! Join the "you can do" culture.
- **Differentiate outcomes** to encourage sense of success.
- Address mistakes as an important part of the learning process.
- Be **creative** and **enjoy** the lessons! Get out of the comfort zone; use stories and metaphors; create a state of curiosity, break the rules, open up your mind!
- While introducing improvements, try just few things at a time, it will work better!